

CHARTER

TO

George Lear.

WILLIAM PENN,

AND

LAWS OF THE PROVINCE OF PENNSYLVANIA,

PASSED BETWEEN THE YEARS 1682 AND 1700,

PRECEDED BY DUKE OF YORK'S LAWS IN FORCE FROM THE
YEAR 1676 TO THE YEAR 1682, WITH AN

APPENDIX

CONTAINING LAWS RELATING TO THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PROVINCIAL
COURTS AND HISTORICAL MATTER.

PUBLISHED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
JOHN BLAIR LINN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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as full and Ample manner, (with reasonable allowance for damage) as if the Case had been betwixt Christian and Christian.

Furnishing Indians with guns, &c., without licence, prohibited.

No Person shall sell give or Barter directly or indirectly any Gun or Guns Powder, Bullet, shott, Lead nor any Vessel of Burthen, or Row Boate Canoes only excepted Without Licence first had and obtained under the Governours hand and Seal, to any Indian whatsoever, nor to any person Inhabitting out of this Government nor shall amend or repair any Gun belonging to any Indian, nor shall Sell any armour or weapons, upon penalty of ten pounds for every Gun, Armour, weapon, Vessell, or Boat, so Sould given or Bartered, five pounds for every pound of powder, and forty Shillings for every pound of Shott or Lead and proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity.

Also, trading for furs.

No Person Shall from and after the first day of September 1665 Directly or Indirectly Trade with the Indians for any sort of furs without Licence first had from the Governours which Licence is to be renewed every year at the Governours pleasure, remained if he shall find just Exception.

Furnishing liquor.

No Person whatsoever from henceforth shall Sell, Truck, Barter, give or deliver any Strong Liquores to any Indian directly or indirectly, whatsoever known by the name of Rum Strong waters, wine Brandy Spirrits or any other Strong Liquore under any other Name whatsoever; Under the Penalty of forty Shillings for one pint and So proportionably for greater or lesser quantities so Sould, Bartered, given or delivered as aforesaid, One third part of this penalty to be to the informer, Provided always that it is and shall be Lawfull by way of reliefe and Charity to any Indian in Case of sudden extremity sickness faintness or weariness to sell or give to such Indian or Indians the quantity of two drames and no more of any such Strong Liquors as are aforementioned Provided also that the Governours by Licence may Authorize any person or persons to sell any or all Such Strong Liquores to Indians upon Security taken from the person Licenced for his or their good behaviour.

Cattle prohibited from destroying Indians' corn fields.

In all Places within this Government the English and all others shall keep their Cattle from destroying the Indians Corne in any ground where they have right to plant and if any of their Corne be destroyed for want of fencing the Towne shall make Satisfaction, and shall have power amongst themselves to lay the Charge where the Occasion of the Damage did arise.

Satisfaction for damages.

Provided that the Indians shall make prooffe the Cattle of such a Towne farme or Person did the Damage And for the Indians Encouragement towards the fencing in their Corn fields, such Townes farmers or Persons where Cattle may annoy them that way shall Direct, Assist and help them in felling of trees riving and sharpening Rayles and holing of Poasts; allowing one English man to three or more Indians and shall also draw the fencing into place for them, and allow one man a day or two towards the setting up of the same, And either sell or lend them Toolles to finish it Provided that such Indians shall fence their Cornefields or

To be assisted in fencing their fields.