LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF TENNESSEE,

INCLUDING THOSE OF

NORTH CAROLINA

NOW IN FORCE IN THIS STATE.

FROM THE YEAR

1715 TO THE YEAR 1820, INCLUSIVE.

BY EDWARD SCOTT,

ONE OF THE JUDGES OF THE CIRCUIT COURTS OF LAW AND EQUITY.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. I.

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

PRINTED BY

HEISKELL & BROWN.

1821.

1804. county, shall proceed against such offender, in the same manner as is heretofore prescribed for vagrants.

Keepers of certain gaming tables deemed vagrants. 1811, c. 112, s. 1, 2.

3. *Be it enacted*, That all and every keeper or keepers, exhibitor or exhibitors, of either of the gaming tables commonly called A. B. C. or E. O. tables, or faro bank, or of any other gaming cloth table, or bank of the same, or like kind, under any denomination whatever, shall be deemed and treated as a vagrant, and moreover it shall be the duty of any judge or justice of the peace, by warrant under his hand, to order such gaming table or cloth to be seized and publicly burned or destroyed; said warrant shall be directed to some one constable within the county, whose duty it shall be, forthwith to execute the same: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained, shall be so construed as to extend to billiard tables.

Penalty for harboring vagrants. April 1784, c. 34, s. 4.

4. *Be it enacted*, That it shall not be lawful for any house keeper to harbor any idle person of the character aforesaid, for any longer time than is heretofore specified, under the penalty of twenty dollars for every such offence, to be recovered by warrant before any justice of the peace of the county where the offence is committed.

Duty of the justices herein. Apl. 1784, c. 34. 1811, c. 112, s. 1, 2.

5. *Be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of each justice of the peace, on information being made on oath to him or them, that there is a person or persons of the aforesaid description, loitering in his or their county, then and in that case he or they shall issue his or their warrant against such person or persons agreeable to this act: *And provided*, he or they shall neglect or refuse so to do, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor in office, for which he or they shall be impeachable, and on conviction be removed from office.

Penalty for failing.

Proceedings against persons going armed contrary to this act.

6. *Be it enacted*, That if any person or persons shall publicly ride or go armed to the terror of the people, or privately carry any dirk, large knife, pistol or any other dangerous weapon, to the fear or terror of any person, it shall be the duty of any judge or justice, on his own view, or upon the information of any other person on oath, to bind such person or persons to their good behaviour, and if he or they fail to find securities, commit him or them to jail, and if such person or persons shall continue so to offend, he or they shall not only forfeit their recognizance, but be liable to an indictment, and be punished as for a breach of the peace, or riot at common law.

Felony to maim or disfigure any person, &c. Dec. 1754, ch. 15. 1807, ch. 73, s. 13.

7. *Be it enacted*, That if any person or persons shall unlawfully cut out or disable the tongue, put out an eye, slit a nose, bite or cut off a nose, ear or lip, or cut off or disable any limb or member, or stab any person whatsoever, in doing so, to maim, wound or disfigure in any of the manners before mentioned, such person or persons so offending, their counsellors, aiders and abettors, knowing of, and privy to the offence, shall be and are hereby declared to be felons, and shall suffer as in case of felony: *Provided nevertheless*, he or they shall be entitled to benefit of clergy, and be further liable to an action of damages to the party injured.