

THE
REVISED ORDINANCES

OF
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,

EMBRACING

ALL ORDINANCES OF A GENERAL NATURE IN
FORCE DECEMBER 20, 1892,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CHARTER OF SALT LAKE CITY,

THE AMENDMENTS THERETO, AND TERRITORIAL LAWS
OF A GENERAL NATURE APPLICABLE TO
SALT LAKE CITY, AND THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

COMPILED AND ARRANGED BY
JOSEPH LIPPMAN.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE
CITY COUNCIL OF SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Discharging Firearms.

SEC. 17. Any person discharging firearms within the limits of the city, without a lawful breastwork or battery for the protection of the citizens, shall be liable to a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars for every such offense. A breastwork or battery, for target shooting, to be deemed lawful, shall be a wall eighteen inches thick, six feet wide, and six feet high in the back, with side wings one foot thick, each extending two feet, increasing flaringly to the front, and six feet high, of adobes or mud, or its equivalent of other material.

[April 27, 1860.]

Discharging Air Gun, Flipper, etc.

SEC. 18. Any person discharging an air gun, sparrow gun, flipper, or other similar contrivance, within the limits of this city, shall be liable to a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars for every such offense.

[May 7, 1889.]

Disorderly House.

SEC. 19. Any person who shall keep any ill-governed or disorderly house, or who shall suffer or permit any drunkenness, quarreling, fighting, unlawful games, or riotous or disorderly conduct whatever on his premises, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for each and every offense.

[February 14, 1888.]

Disturbance of Peace.

SEC. 20. If any person shall commit a disturbance of the peace within the limits of said city, by brawling or noisy acclamations, by tumultuous or offensive language or conduct, by blowing for a longer period than five seconds any kind of steam whistle excepting in case of fire or accident within the limits of said city, or making other noises, he shall be liable to a fine in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or to both fine and imprisonment.

[May 17, 1872; February 14, 1888.]