

Iowa. Laws, statutes, etc. (Collections)
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THE CODE:

CONTAINING ALL THE STATUTES

OF THE

STATE OF IOWA,

OF A

GENERAL NATURE,

PASSED AT THE ADJOURNED SESSION

OF THE

FOURTEENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE.

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Canvass: limitation.
Same, § 4.

SEC. 450. The vote for this purpose shall be taken, canvassed, and returned in the same manner as other municipal elections, and all expenses of the same paid by the corporation so voting. No more than one such election shall be held in the same year.

Records and seal deposited with county auditor.
Same, § 5.

SEC. 451. The books, documents, records, papers, and corporate seal of any city or town so discontinued shall be deposited with the county auditor of the county for safe keeping and reference in future; and all court records of any mayor or other officer shall be deposited with the nearest justice of the township, who shall have authority to execute and complete all unfinished business standing on the same.

Auditor to publish fact.
Same, § 6.

SEC. 452. Whenever the incorporation of any city or town shall have been discontinued under the provisions of the four preceding sections, the auditor of the county wherein such corporation was situated shall publish such fact for thirty days in a county paper, if one is published in the county; if not, shall post three notices for the same length of time, and also to certify the fact to the secretary of state.

Warrants to issue: tax collected: surplus.
Same, § 7.

SEC. 453. For the payment of its indebtedness, the corporation shall issue warrants in cases where there is no money in the treasury, and the county treasurer shall collect the tax which shall be levied to pay such indebtedness as hereinbefore contemplated and prescribed as he collects other taxes, and pay the said warrants; and any surplus of this fund shall be passed over to the temporary school fund of the district where the same was levied.

POWERS.

Enumerated.
R. § 1047.

SEC. 454. Cities and towns organized as provided in this chapter shall be bodies politic and corporate under such name and style as they may select at the time of their organization, and may sue or be sued; contract or be contracted with; acquire and hold property, real and personal; have a common seal, which they may change and alter at pleasure, and have such other privileges as are incident to municipal corporations of like character or degree not inconsistent with the laws of the state.

Same.
R. § 1056.

SEC. 455. All municipal corporations organized under this chapter shall have the general powers and privileges, and be subject to the rules and restrictions granted and prescribed in the succeeding section.

Prevent nuisances, riots, gaming houses: establish markets.
R. § 1057.

SEC. 456. They shall have power to prevent injury or annoyance from anything dangerous, offensive, or unhealthy, and to cause any nuisance to be abated; to regulate the transportation and keeping of gun-powder or other combustibles, and to provide or license magazines for the same; to prevent and punish fast or immoderate riding or driving of horses through the streets; to regulate the speed of trains and locomotives on railways running over the streets or through the limits of the city or incorporated town by ordinance, and enforce the same by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars; to establish and regulate markets; to provide for the measuring or weighing of hay, coal, or any other article of sale; to prevent any riots, noise, disturbance, or disorderly assemblages; to suppress and restrain disorderly houses, houses of

ill fame, billiard tables, nine or ten pin alleys, or tables and ball alleys, and to authorize the destruction of all instruments or devices used for purposes of gaming, and to protect the property of the corporation and its inhabitants and to preserve peace and order therein.

SEC. 457. They shall have power to make regulations against danger from accidents by fire, to establish fire districts, and, on petition of the owners of two-thirds of the grounds included in any square or block, to prohibit the erection thereon of any building or any addition to any building, unless the outer walls thereof be made of brick and mortar or of iron and stone and mortar, and to provide for the removal of any building or additions erected contrary to such prohibition.

Regulations
against fires.
R. § 1058.

SEC. 458. They shall have power to regulate the burial of the dead, to provide without the limits of the corporation places for the interment of the dead, to prevent any sub-interments within such limits and to cause any body interred contrary to such prohibition to be taken up and buried without the limits of the corporation.

Burial of the
dead.
R. § 1060.

SEC. 459. They shall have power to restrain and regulate the running at large of cattle, horses, swine, sheep, and other animals within the limits of the corporation, and to authorize the distraining, impounding, and sale of the same for the penalty incurred and costs of the proceeding, to prevent the running at large of dogs and injuries therefrom, and to authorize the destruction of the same when at large contrary to any prohibition to that effect.

Animals run-
ning at large.
R. § 1061.

SEC. 460. They shall have power to regulate or prohibit all theatrical exhibitions of whatever name or nature, for which money or any other reward is in any manner demanded or received; but lectures on scientific, historical, or literary subjects shall not come within the provisions of this section.

Theatrical ex-
hibitions.
R. § 1062.

SEC. 461. The establishment and maintenance of a free public library is hereby declared to be a proper and legitimate object of municipal expenditure; and the council or trustees of any city or incorporated town may appropriate money for the formation and maintenance of such a library, open to the free use of all its inhabitants under proper regulations, and for the purchase of land and erection of buildings, or for the hiring of buildings or rooms suitable for that purpose, and for the compensation of the necessary employes; *provided*, that the amount appropriated in any one year for the maintenance of such a library shall not exceed one mill upon the dollar upon the assessed valuation of such city or town. Any such city or incorporated town may receive, hold, or dispose of any and all gifts, donations, devises, and bequests that may be made to such city or incorporated town for the purpose of establishing, increasing, or improving any such public library; and the city or town council thereof may apply the use, profits, proceeds, interests, and rents accruing therefrom, in such manner as will best promote the prosperity and utility of such library. Every city or incorporated town, in which such a public library shall be maintained, shall be entitled to receive a copy of the laws, journals, and all other works published by authority of the state after the establishment of such library, for the use of

Public library
established: no
money to be ap-
propriated ex-
cept on vote of
people.
C. 17, 14 G. A.