

ACTS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

PASSED AT THE

REGULAR SESSION OF 1880.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND DESIGNED TO
FORM A PART OF THE SEVENTEENTH VOLUME OF THE **STATUTES**
AT LARGE, COMMENCING WITH THE ACTS OF 1879.

COLUMBIA, S. C.:

JAMES WOODROW, STATE PRINTER.

1881.

Young, and their associates and successors, are hereby made and created a body politic and corporate, by the name of the Board of Trustees of the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Synod of the South, with all the powers and prerogatives of a corporate body, and may from time to time make such rules and by-laws for their government and for the management of the property under their charge as shall be approved by a majority of said Board of Trustees, and are not inconsistent with laws of the land.

A. D. 1880.

Name.

SEC. 2. That the said corporation shall have power to hold in trust any property heretofore given or acquired, or hereafter to be given or acquired, for objects connected with said Associate Reformed Presbyterian Synod of the South, other than that now held by other corporations, and also all property belonging to any of the corporations, or single churches, or dormant congregations, either now or heretofore connected with said Associate Reformed Presbyterian Synod of the South, but which have now ceased to have any active operation, and also any property now or hereafter belonging to individual congregations, Presbyteries, or corporations in connection with the said Associate Reformed Presbyterian Synod of the South, which may desire to surrender or convey the same to said Board of Trustees, or whose charters of incorporation may have expired.

Power to hold property.

SEC. 3. The title to the real and personal property described in the second Section hereof, shall become vested in the said Board of Trustees by operation of law without further deed or conveyance other than that which is therein specified, and the said Board of Trustees shall report annually to the Synod of the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church, by which Ecclesiastical Court all vacancies in said Board of Trustees shall be filled.

Title—how vested.

SEC. 4. That the said corporation shall have a corporate existence for the term of twenty-one years, and until the adjournment of the General Assembly of this State which shall convene next after the expiration of said term, and may sue and be sued in any of the Courts of this State.

Corporate existence.

Approved December 24, 1880.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE A PUNISHMENT FOR CARRYING ANY DEADLY WEAPON CONCEALED ABOUT THE PERSON. No. 362.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted* by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in

- A. D. 1880. General Assembly, and by the authority of the same, That any person carrying a pistol, dirk, dagger, slung shot, metal knuckles, razors, or other similar deadly weapon usually used for the infliction of personal injury, concealed about his person, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, before a Court of competent jurisdiction, shall forfeit to the County the weapon so carried concealed and be fined in a sum not more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not more than twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the Court.
- Carrying concealed weapons a misdemeanor.**
- Punishment.**
- Duty of peace officers.** SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of every Trial Justice, Sheriff, Constable, or other peace officer, to cause all persons violating this Act to be prosecuted therefor whenever they shall discover a violation hereof.
- Disposition of fines collected.** SEC. 3. In all convictions hereunder, the fine imposed shall, if collected, be paid into the treasury of the County wherein the prosecution is located.
- Exceptions.** SEC. 4. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to peace officers while in the actual discharge of their duties as such officers, nor to persons carrying concealed weapons while upon their own premises.
- Further punishment.** SEC. 5. That if any person be convicted of assault, assault and battery, assault, or assault and battery with intent to kill, or of manslaughter, and it shall appear upon the trial that the assault, assault and battery, assault, assault and battery with intent to kill, or manslaughter, shall have been committed with a deadly weapon of the character specified in Section one (1) of this Act, carried concealed upon the person of the defendant so convicted, the presiding Judge shall, in addition to the punishment provided by law for such assault, assault and battery, assault, or assault and battery with intent to kill, or manslaughter, inflict further punishment upon the person so convicted of confinement in the Penitentiary for not less than three months nor more than twelve months, with or without hard labor, or fined in a sum of not less than two hundred dollars, or both fined and imprisoned, at the discretion of the said Judge.
- SEC. 6. That this Act shall go into effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1881.

Approved December 24, 1880.