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THE CONSOLIDATION AND REVISION



OF THE

STATUTES OF THE STATE,

OF

A GENERAL NATURE

PREPARED BY

LEVI PEIRCE,
MILES TAYLOR, } *Commissioners appointed by the State.*
WM. W. KING, }

FEBRUARY 5th, 1852.

NEW ORLEANS.
PRINTED AT THE BEE OFFICE.
.....
1852.

poison to any person with the intent to commit the crime of murder, such person or persons so offending, on conviction thereof shall suffer death. And if any person or persons shall be accessory before the fact to any of the several crimes described in this section, such person or persons shall, upon conviction thereof, suffer death.

ed with death.
1806.
122; 1.
Accessories before
the fact shall suf-
fer death.
1806.
124; 2.

MANSLAUGHTER.

4. If any person shall hereafter commit manslaughter, and shall be thereof convicted, he, she, or they shall be subject to be fined in a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars, and shall be imprisoned at hard labor for a term not exceeding twenty years, according to the aggravated circumstances of the case.

Manslaughter
how punished.
1818.
168; 2.

5. When gunpowder is shipped on board of a steamboat, which shall at all times be stowed away at as great a distance as possible from the furnace, a written notification of the fact shall be placed in three conspicuous parts of the boat; and in the event of such notification not being so exhibited, then for any loss of property, or life, for which the powder may be deemed the cause, the owner shall be liable to the shipper for the full amount of said loss or damage; and the captain, in the event of loss of life being the result of such accident, shall be adjudged guilty of manslaughter.

Notices of gun-
powder on board
of steamboats.
1834.
57; 7.

Penalties.

1834.
53; 3. 57; 4.

6. Any person or persons who shall ship or put on board, or cause to be shipped or put on board of any steamboat, within this State, any gunpowder, without giving notice thereof at the time of making the shipment to the master or clerk of said boat, shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars, which may be sued for and recovered before any court of competent jurisdiction by the owner, captain or clerk of said boat, for his or her own use and benefit; and in case of any loss of property in consequence of gunpowder being on board of said boat, the shipper that shall have failed to give due notice, as herein required, shall be liable for all losses of property or damage done thereto, or for any injury done to any person or to their family; and in case of the loss of the life of any individual on board, in consequence of gunpowder being on board, the person or persons who shall have shipped the same, without giving due notice thereof, shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of manslaughter, and punished accordingly.

Shipment of gun-
powder without
notice.
1834.
56; 2.

Penalties.

Manslaughter.

MAIM.

7. If any person or persons, on purpose and of malice aforethought, shall unlawfully cut or bite the ear or ears, or cut out or disable the tongue, while fighting or otherwise; slit the nose or a lip, cut or bite off the nose or lip, or cut off or disable any limb or member of any person, with intention in so doing to maim, disable or disfigure such person in any manner before mentioned; then in every such case, the person or persons so offending, their counsellors, aiders and abettors shall, on conviction thereof, pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and shall be further punished with imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding seven years.

Bitting, slitting,
maiming.
1805.
433; 29

8. If any person or persons, on purpose and of malice aforethought, shall put out an eye or the eyes of any person while

Penalty against pu-
ting eyes out